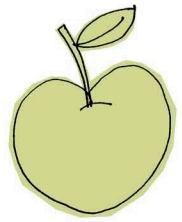


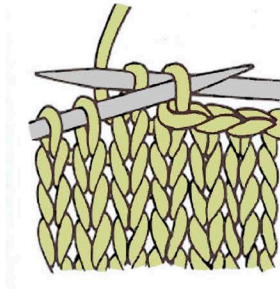
Cast Off



Casting off is simple. First, knit 2 stitches. Using the point of the needle in your left hand, hook the first stitch you knitted over the second stitch. Knit another stitch and then hook the second stitch over the third stitch. Continue to the end of the row.

At the end of the row you will be left with one stitch on your right hand needle.

Cut the wool free from the ball. Remove the last stitch from the needle and thread the cut end through the last stitch and pull it tight.



Tension

A pattern requires you to knit at a certain tension to ensure your end product is the same size as the pattern intended. Tension simply refers to how tight you pull the wool when forming stitches.

A pattern may state that you need to knit at the following tension

“using 10 mm needles & super chunky wool, 9 stitches across to 12 rows should knit a square 10cm x 10cm”

Before you start knitting a pattern you should always knit a sample to ensure you are knitting at the correct tension. If the square is less than 10x10cm then loosen the wool. If it is larger then tighten the wool.

Handy Tip



When you cut the wool leave an end that will be long enough to sew your work together.

Activity



Following your 4 rows of Knit stitch cast off

